

FROM THE DANCE

arranged by James Edwards

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*tracks not included in this book

COVER PHOTO: "The Spanish Ballet" by Edouard Manet —From the Phillips Collection at the Washington Museum

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Introduction

Dance is an ancient and universal form of human expression. Cultures have used it for everything from social entertainment to religious rites. Folk dances became popular in the royal courts and the rhythms became an integral part of instrumental music. Even in modern music where no actual imitation of a dance is occurring, the spirit of the dance can be strongly felt.

Notes about the music

Hungarian dances – based on gypsy melodies Brahms discovered while touring Hungary with the violinist Remenyi.

Tango – an Argentine dance resembling the Cuban *Habaneras*, both of which were becoming popular in Europe and America at the beginning of this century. Albéniz was a child prodigy and at the age of thirteen he traveled to South America where he may have seen the dancing that inspired this piece.

Jota – a dance from northern Spain especially the Aragon province; in fact, Granados subtitled this piece “*Rondalla Aragonesa*”. The jota is similar to a waltz but with more variety in the steps and also may get quite fast. Castanets are sometimes used to accentuate the rhythms.

Russian Suite – these popular folk songs and dances are selected from the rich and varied traditional music of Russia and the Ukraine. The prelude and finale are my own composition.

Clair de Lune – Debussy’s music would seem to lend itself to the adventurous and free spirit of modern dance. He was a revolutionary who loved exotic ethnic music and abhorred the academic and rigid approach of the traditional schools of composition.

Suite in E minor – these elegant and stylized dances by Handel were probably meant more for listening than dancing. The Sarabande uses the ever popular Spanish tune *La Folia* as a theme for its subsequent variations.

Lord Inchiquin & Carolan’s Concerto – Turlough O’Carolan was a blind Irish harpist considered to be the greatest composer of that country. His music fairly dances off the page with the wonderful lilt of Irish rhythms.

About the Author

James Edwards took up the guitar at the age of fourteen, exploring folk, jazz, and pop styles before finding his true musical love, the classical guitar. In addition to the traditional classical guitar repertoire, Edwards performs his own arrangements of Handel, Mozart, Puccini, Debussy, Brahms, and others. He has also created a unique American repertoire with his arrangements of Gershwin, Joplin, Copeland—and original compositions which blend the classical style with his early influence of folk and jazz.

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In creating these arrangements, I have tried to approach the music as if I were actually the composer and had these great ideas I wanted to write for guitar. How would Debussy have used the guitar if he possessed a performer's knowledge of its techniques? An arrangement succeeds or fails on its ability to convey the emotions, moods, character of a piece. To do this well on guitar is much like orchestration on a smaller scale. So the music here is reflected through my imagination and the voice of the guitar, and the result, I hope, is a happy union. JE

Hungarian Dance No. 5

Arr. J. Edwards

Brahms

Allegro

Allegro $\frac{1}{2}$ V

Drum

Musical score for guitar, measures 16-20. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, some with slurs. The bass line is indicated by fret numbers (0, 5, 8, 4, 6, 7, 5, 5, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10) written below the staff.

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22

27

32

37

Harm. 12

poco rit.

43 *a tempo*

5 5 4 5 7 5 4 7 5 12 0 2 4 7 5 4 5
 5 5 4 5 7 5 4 7 5 9 0 2 4 0 5 4 5
 1 3 0 2 4 0

48 *Vivace*

7 5 4 5 7 5 5 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 3 2 0 0 0 0
 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2

53 *rit. a tempo*

0 3 2 0 2 2 3 2 0 1 2 2 3 3 3
 4 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

58 *rit. a tempo*

0 5 0 2 3 5 5 3 2 0 5
 6 6 6 0 0 0 0 4 2 6 7 6 7

63 *rit.* ----- *a tempo* *rit.* -----

9 10 10 9 10 7 9 9 10 10 12 17 12 9 10 10
 9 11 9 7 10 10 12 14 14 14 9 9 11
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

68 *a tempo* $\frac{1}{2}$ XIV-----

12 12 12 10 9 17
 13 14 14 12 10 13 14 14
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

D.C. al Coda ⊕

⊕

5 6 4 0 5 0 5 7 5
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Hungarian Dance No. 11

Arr. J. Edwards

J. Brahms

Poco andante

[illegible]

18

mf

7 5 5 8 8 6 6 8 7 5 5 3 3 1 1 3 0 1 0 3 2 5 3 2 0 4 2 0 3 2 5

8 6 6 9 9 7 7 9 8 6 6 5 5 3 3 5 1 0 2 1 4 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4

23

p

VII--VIII- VII-----

5 3 2 3 5 3 2 0 2 0 5 8 7 10 8 7 9 8 7 9 8 7 10 8 7 9 8 7 5 8 7

4 2 1 2 4 2 1 3 1 2 6 9 7 6 8 7 11 8 12 6 9 7 7 0

28

p

0 0 2 4 5 2 1 0 3 1 0 1 0 3 1 0 3 1 0 1 3 1 0 0 1 0 3 1 0 2 2 0

3 0 2 3 2 1 4 2 1 3 2 1 2 3 4 2 1 2 4 2 1 3 2 1 2 2 0

33

rit.

VII----- $\frac{1}{2}$ V

D.C. al fine

5 8 7 10 8 7 10 9 7 10 8 7 10 8 7 10 8 7 10 8 7 10 8 7 5 5 6 9 5 0 2 4

6 10 9 12 10 9 10 9 10 10 9 12 10 10 9 10 9 10 9 10 9 10 9 5 5 6 9 1 2 4

0 0 7 7 0

Hungarian Dance No. 2

Arr. J. Edwards

Brahms

Allegro assai

1 **A** *f* V. VII

6 *p*

12 *poco rit.*

17 **B** *a tempo* VII

23

III - - - - - II I

3 2 0 0 4 2 1 0 0

0 2 3 2 3 3 0 1 0

28

III - - - - -

rit.

0 1 0 4 2 0 0 0 0

0 2 3 3 0 1 2 2 0

D.C. al

33

vivo

0 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 0 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 7 5 4 2 0

0 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 6 4 2 0 4

37

2 0 3 2 0 2 1 0 0 0 2 2 2 3 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 4 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 0

0 4 2 0 4 2 0

II- IV-

41 4 1 2 1 4 1

3 6 2 4 2 6 2 4 2 6 2 5 8 4 5 4 8 4 5 4 8 4 9 7 5 4 2 0

2 4 7 6 4 2 0 4

44 2 0 3 2 0 2 1 3 0 2 0 3 0 2 1 2 4 2 1 2 3 0 2 2 2 9 7 5 4 2 0

0 4 2 0 4 2 0 1 3 0 2 0 2 1 2 3 2 1 2 3 0 2 2 2 7 6 4 2 0 4

48 2 0 3 2 0 2 13 12 12 12 14 14 14 14 15 12 13 12 10 17

0 4 2 0 4 2 0 13 12 12 12 14 14 14 14 15 12 13 12 10 14

rit.

Repeat A+B then A to Φ

51 1 0 1 3 1 0 1 0 1 3 1 0 1 1 2 4 2 1 2 5

2 2 2 0 2 3 2 0 0 7 6 7 9 7 6 7 9 7 6 7 5

2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Tango

Arr. J. Edwards
Andantino grazioso

Albéniz

mf Harm. 12 *p*

poco rit.

mf marcato

rit. Harm. 12 *a tempo*

21

IX

14 9 12 10 7 8 0 5 7 8 9 12 10 10 9 0 8

0 6 7 8 5 7 9 12 12 9 11 11 11 7

6 7 7 9 9 9 8 9

[illegible]

49

3 $\frac{1}{2}$ II $\frac{1}{2}$ III II

rit.

p

12 10 1 2 5 3 2 2 3 5 3 7 7 12 11 9 8 7 7 5 6 7 7 5

53

pp

a tempo

Harm. 12

rit. molto

pp

10 11 10 11 2 10 11 12

Jota (Spanish Dance No. 6)

Arr. J. Edwards

Granados

Allegretto, poco a poco accelerando

⑥ - D *p* poco a poco -

3/4 0 2 4 0 | 2 2 4 5 2 | 3 4 5 7 4 | 2 0 2 |

⑥ - D

5 *crescendo*

3/4 0 2 4 0 | 2 2 4 5 2 | 5 4 5 7 4 | 5 4 5 7 |

9

7 7 7 7 | 6 6 7 6 7 | 4 4 4 4 | 3 4 5 0 |

13 *poco piu f* *sempre accel. e cresc.*

2 3 2 3 2 | 2 2 2 2 | 3 4 4 4 | 0 0 2 2 |

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17

3 5 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 5 2 0 3 4 0

21

cresc. sempre e animando molto

10 7 7 9 7 7 9 7 8 9 8 7 8 10 7 8 7 9 8 9 0

25

10 10 10 10 10 9 9 10 9 10 7 7 10 7 10 9 9 10 9 10 0

29

sempre piu f

10 10 10 10 10 9 9 10 9 10 7 7 10 7 10 9 9 10 8 10 8 0

The musical score for 'The Swan' from 'The Nutcracker' is presented in two systems. The first system, marked with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), begins with a tempo and mood marking of 'Allegretto moderato e maestoso'. The time signature is 3/4. The score is for a piano (p) and includes a section for a violin (V). The piano part features a series of chords and single notes, while the violin part plays a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The second system continues the piano part with a series of chords and single notes, and the violin part with a melodic line. The score is for a piano (p) and includes a section for a violin (V).

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three systems. The first system (measures 1-4) is in 2/4 time, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The second system (measures 5-8) continues the melody and bass line. The third system (measures 9-12) concludes the piece. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and bar lines clearly visible.

49

2 4 1 2 4 2 1 2 0

3 5 2 3 5 3 2 3 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

54

rasgueado

Harm. 5

0 2 3 0 2 3 5 2 0

7 10 7 10 12 10 12 10

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

58

rasgueado

3 4

0 0 0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0 0 0

62

Andante

p

0 3 4 0 1 0 1 2 3

10 3 5 2 3 0 0 2 3 0 2 2 3 5 2 0 3 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

66

dim. e rit.

10 3 5 2 3 0 0 2 3 0 2 2 3 5 2 0 3 0 2 5 0 0

71

Harm. 7

Molto andante, espressivo

a piacere

0 2 3 0 2 3 5 2 0 3 0 2 5 0 0

75

a tempo

con fantasia

rit.

5 7 5 10 7 9 7 10 2 3 4 3 4 3 4 5 10 12 7 0

79

a tempo

a piacere

14 10 12 9 10 9 12 8 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 7 5 7 7 6 7 0

83

10 12 9 10 9 10 2 3 4 3 4 3 4 2 5 14 15

87

a piacere

a tempo

piu espressivo

con molta espressione

17 14 15 12 10 7 5 0 5 0 5 0 7 12 9 14 10 0 0

91

a tempo

$\frac{2}{3}$ VII

poco rit.

5 7 8 10 7 7 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 2 3 5 0 0 0 0

95

a tempo

a piacere

5 7 0 2 0 2 0 15 12 9 17 14 10 6 0 6 0 6 0 2 4 2 0 0 6 0 6 0 6 0

99

Harm. 7

*molto rit. e con
molta espressione*

103

D.C. al $\oplus$

D.S. al $\oplus$

$\oplus$ ras.

f

ff

Russian Suite

Prelude

Edwards/Anon.

Lento

⑥ - D *mp* *a piacere*

*

⑥ - D

tr

rit.

f

p *accelerando...*

Troika

a tempo

f *allegro*

$\frac{1}{2}$ V

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* Guitar is tuned up a half-step on recording.

20 $\frac{1}{2}V$ Harm. 12 VIII

6 5 7 6 5 6 5 10 8 11 11 10 10 8

25 $\frac{1}{2}V$

5 3 3 1 0 1 3 5 3 1 0 2

30

3 13 13 13 13 12 10 12 12 12 12 10 9

35 *rasgueado*

10 10 10 10 10 13 12 10 9 9 10 5 8 8 1 3 3 3 3 2

40

Karapet
andantino

46

52

III

58

63 **Korobushka**
a tempo

1. 2.

p
(f 2X) *poco a poco accelerando*

The first system of the score for 'Korobushka' starts at measure 63. It features a vocal line with two first endings, marked '1.' and '2.'. The tempo is 'a tempo'. The piano accompaniment begins with a dynamic of *p* (piano) and includes the instruction '(f 2X)' and 'poco a poco accelerando'. The piano part uses a simplified notation with numbers 0, 2, 3, and 10 for fingerings.

68

The second system of the score continues from measure 68. It shows the vocal line and the piano accompaniment with various fingerings indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, and 0.

73 *allegro*

f

The third system of the score starts at measure 73, where the tempo changes to 'allegro'. The piano part begins with a dynamic of *f* (forte). The system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment with fingerings indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

78

The fourth system of the score continues from measure 78. It shows the vocal line and the piano accompaniment with fingerings indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, and 0.

83

88

$\frac{1}{2} X$ -----

Chaika

f a piacere *p*

93

mosso

mf *rit.*

98

a tempo

VIII -----

f

III VIII III

103

a tempo

107

rit. *mp*

a tempo

112

rit. *Fine* *mf*

116

134

7 10 10 7 8 7 8 7 10 8 7 10 8 7 10 8 7 10 8

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

139

pizz. bass

144

f
(*p 2X*)

149

153

meno mosso
D.S. al $\oplus$
accelerando

157 $\frac{1}{2}$ II - - - - -

presto

rit. *f* *p*

161

ff

Clair de Lune

Arr. by J. Edwards *

Debussy

Andante VII-----

pp

Harm. 12

Artif. Harm.

tempo rubato

pp

* Guitar is tuned down a half-step on recording.

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16

10 9 9 9 10 7 14 15 10 12 14 12

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

9 9 9 10 7 0 9 14 9 7 9 7

louder & livelier

18

10 12 10 9 12 10 7 3 5 9 7 0 0 0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 6 8 8 0 0 0 0 0 0

7 9 7 0 0 0 0 0 2 6 9 0 6 6 6 6 6 6

VII

21

8 10 10 7 0 0 0 0 0 3 5 12 10 7

7 10 7 8 12 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0

7 10 7 9 14 12 12 12 12 11 12 0 0 2 9 7 9

24

7 7 7 7 9 7 10 12 17 17 17 17

8 8 8 8 10 8 7 12 15 15 15 15

9 9 9 9 11 9 7 12 16 15 14 14

un poco mosso $\frac{1}{2}$ II----- X---

27

pp

II-----

29

II-----

31

p

p

IV-----

33

poco rit.

35 *cresc.*
f
a tempo

5 3 3 2 2 2 2 8 6 10 10 5 3 3 2 2 2 2 8 6 5 6
 0 2 4 2 2 2 2 0 7 5 10 0 2 4 2 2 2 2 0 7 5 6

animato V ----- III

3 1 3 5 6 6 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
 3 0 3 0 3 2 8 7 6 7 3 7 3 5 3 5 4 3 4 3

39

3 3 3 3 3 6 3 10 8 0 7 8 0 0 7 11 10 11
 3 3 7 5 0 3 3 7 8 7 5 8 0 8 8 0 0 8 8

41 *f* *dim.*

13 12 10 8 6 5 3 1 0 3 1 3 3 3 0 2 3
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 3

43 *pp* Harm. $\frac{1}{2}$ II

46 Harm.

50 Harm. *a tempo* Artif. Harm. Harm. 8^{va} *ppp*

Artif. Harm. 52 Harm. 12 Harm. 12

55

II-----, VII-----,

5 3

7 9 12 10 12 10 0 5 0 2 3 7 7 0 2 0

0 4 7 9 12 11 0 4 0 4 3 4 0 4

7 9 2 5 3

58

$\frac{1}{2}$ V

pp

3 0 3 2 5 2 0 2 0

4 2 2 4 0 4 2 5 0 0 0

2 0 2 0 4 2 0 5 4 2 0 3

61

$\frac{1}{2}$ VII-----, VII-----, Harm.

3 5 10 7 0 7 0 7 7 0 12 12 12 12 5 5 12 7

0 4 10 7 9 9 7 7 7 12 12 5 5 12 7

0 7 9 9 7 7 7 12 12 5 5 12 7

Harm.-----, *morendo jusqu'à la fin*

65

II-----, V X

pp

12 12 5 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 8 6 6 8 10

12 9 7 0 2 4 2 4 2 2 4 2 3 2 4 2 0 7 5 8 10

12 9 7 0 5 4 2 4 4 5 4 2 3 2 4 4 0 7 5 8 10

68

Harm. 7

2 3 2 3 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 8 7 5 7 7

5 4 2 4 4 2 5 4 2 3 2 4 4 0 7 5 7

70

Harm. 8va

8va

8va

pp

V

8 5 6 5 6 7 7 5 0 0 4 2 4 2 3 2 5 10 7 6 7 5

0 7 5 7 0 0 4 2 4 2 3 2 5 10 5 7 6 7 5

Suite No. 11

Allemande

Arr. by J. Edwards *

Handel

The musical score is presented in four systems, each consisting of a treble staff and a bass staff. The notation includes standard musical symbols (notes, rests, slurs, ties) as well as guitar-specific notation such as fret numbers (0-7) and fingerings (1-4). The piece is in 4/4 time. Key signature changes are indicated by Roman numerals above the staff: $\frac{2}{3}$ IV, II, VI, $\frac{1}{2}$ II, and II. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and trills (tr). The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

* Guitar is tuned down a whole step on recording.

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13 0 1 4 2 2 4 1 0 4 1 0 2 1 0 2 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 2 0 3 1 0 2 1 0 8 7 7 6 7 7 9 3 2 0 2 4 0 3 3 3 7 10 8 7

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system consists of a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The melody begins at measure 17, marked with a circled '2'. It features various rhythmic values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Above the staff, Roman numerals indicate the harmonic progression: $\frac{1}{2}$ II, $\frac{2}{3}$ IV, and $\frac{2}{3}$ V. The second system continues the melody and includes a bass line with fingerings (numbers 1-5) and a lower staff with a sequence of numbers (5, 4, 2, 3, 5, 4, 4, 7, 5, 8, 7, 5, 7, 4, 5, 7, 0, 7, 7, 5, 4, 2, 3, 3, 3, 5, 3) likely representing a harmonic or bass line. The score is written in a clear, legible style with standard musical notation.

19

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

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11

12

13

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464

465

46

Courante

22

Coursante

J. S. BACH

27

2 2 0 1 4 1 0 3 0 4 0 4 1 0 2 1 0 2 1 3 1 4 1 2 1

1 0 3 2 0 1 4 0 0 1 4 2 1

2 p. 3 p. p. 2 0 1 4 2 1

3 0 2 0 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 0 3 1 0 3 2 0 3 2 3 5 2 3 2

2 0 2 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 0 5 0 2 5 2

3 2 3 0 3 0 3

37

II -----

42

47

51

56

II ----- IV

3 0 0 0 2 3 2 4 2 2 4 5 4 5 4 4 0 7 8 4 7 4 0 2

0 0 4 2 0 2 4 2 5 4 2 4 5 4 7 0 4 7 5 3

3

60

IV ----- V ----- VII ----- ② VII -----

7 4 7 5 4 7 6 7 4 5 7 9 8 9 9 6 7 7 9 6 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 0 0 0

4 5 4 7 5 4 7 6 7 4 5 7 9 8 9 9 6 7 7 9 6 7 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Sarabande

② ----- VII ----- VII

8 8 10 7 7 7 8 8 8 10 5 5 7 9

9 9 11 9 8 9 10 9 7 5 5 5 0 0 8 7

0 7

VII ----- ② 4

8 8 10 7 7 12 12 12 14 11 11 11 7 0 9

9 9 12 9 8 12 12 12 10 12 12 12 7 0 9

0 0 7 7 0 8

9

8 10 7 7 7 8 5 7
7 9 9 10 9 5 7 0 0 8 7

VII-----, Harm.-----,

13

8 10 7 7 7 8 5 7
0 9 7 0 9 5 10 12 12 11 12 14 15 14 0 12 12 12 12 12 12 0

Var. 1 ②-----, VII-----, $\frac{1}{3}$ V-----,

17

8 0 12 10 8 7 7 8 10 8 7 5 5 7 7
7 9 0 7 9 6 8 7 9 9 7 9 0 0 6 7 6

X-----, VII-----,

21

8 12 10 8 7 10 8 7 0 12 12 12 10 15 14 12 11 14 7 11 7 10
7 9 10 7 9 7 12 10 10 0 7 0 9

VII -----, II -----,

25

7 10 8 0 0 2 3 2 0 1 0 2 0 3 0

Var. 2

VII -----, VII -----, (2) -----,

28

8 9 7 6 7 9 10 7 7 7 10 9 10 7 9 10 10 11 12 9 12 0 9

II -----,

32

8 10 7 9 10 7 7 8 9 9 0 0 2 0 4 4 4 2 3 2 0 3 2

II -----, II -----,

36

3 5 2 4 4 2 0 4 7 8 5 0 7 5 3 2 5 7 0 3 0 7 9 10

40

VII ---, II ---, *tr*

Gigue

44

VII ---, V ---, VII ---, (2) ---

46

(1 the 2nd X)

48

II ---

Lord Inchiquin

Arr. J. Edwards

O'Carolan

Andantino

IV

IV

$\frac{1}{2}$ IX

II

22

IX VII $\frac{2}{3}$ IV

5 7 4 5 7 7 9 10 10 9 10 9 9 7 0 5 7 4 5 7

6 0 9 7 7 0

0 0 9 7 0

27

VII VIII IX II

7 9 10 9 10 0 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 0

7 6 8 11 11 13 4 4

7 8 9 2 4

32

IV

4 0 0 7 5 4 7 5 0 4 6 0 0

4 6 0 7 5 4 2 0 6 0

2 0 4 6 7 6 4 2 0 4 0

37

2 4 5 4 2 5 7 5 4 6 0 0 6 4 7 7 7 0

2 4 6 0 6 7 7 7 0

2 4 0 6 7 7 7 0

Carolán's Concerto

Arr. J. Edwards

O'Carolán

First system of musical notation (measures 1-4). The treble clef staff contains a melody with triplets and trills. The bass clef staff contains a bass line with various fingerings. Dynamics include *p* and *tr*.

Second system of musical notation (measures 5-8). The treble clef staff contains a melody with a harmonic section marked 'Harm.' and dynamics *f*, *p*, and *mf*. The bass clef staff contains a bass line with various fingerings. A section marker 'IX' is present.

Third system of musical notation (measures 9-12). The treble clef staff contains a melody with various fingerings. The bass clef staff contains a bass line with various fingerings. A section marker 'II' is present.

Fourth system of musical notation (measures 13-16). The treble clef staff contains a melody with various fingerings and a section marker 'VII'. The bass clef staff contains a bass line with various fingerings. A section marker 'II' is present.

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